

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 1. Identification

**Product name** 

ECOCOOL HON 705

Other means of identification

**Recommended use:** 

**Restrictions on use:** 

No data available. Metalworking fluid

Industrial use only

### Manufacturer/Importer/Distributor Information

#### Manufacturer

Address:	FUCHS LUBRICANTS CANADA LTD. 405 Dobbie Drive Cambridge, ON N1T 1S8
Fax:	519-622-2040 519-622-2220 Technical Services Department

Emergency telephone number: 519-622-2040 (Bus. hrs) CANUTEC 1-888-226-8832 (24 hrs)

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

#### **Hazard Classification**

Health Hazards	
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 2
Unknown toxicity - Health	
Acute toxicity, oral	23.51 %
Acute toxicity, dermal	37.71 %
Acute toxicity, inhalation,	, vapor 100 %
Acute toxicity, inhalation, or mist	, dust 55.14 %
Label Elements	
Hazard Symbol:	No symbol
Signal Word:	Warning
Hazard Statement:	Causes skin irritation.
Precautionary Statements	
Prevention:	Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves.



Response:	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Specific treatment (see this label). Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
Disposal:	Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.
Other hazards which do not result in GHS classification:	None.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **Mixtures**

Chemical Identity	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	Content in percent (%)*
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	Mineral oil,	64742-52-5	1 - 10%
Borate Ethanolamide		10377-81-8	1 - 3%
Hexylene glycol		107-41-5	1 - 3%
Ethoxylated alcohol	Ethoxylated alcohol,	68920-66-1	1 - 3%
Biocide	Biocide,	4719-04-4	1 - 3%
Mineral oil		64742-56-9	0.1 - 1%
Monoethanolamine		141-43-5	0.1 - 1%

\* All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

## 4. First-aid measures

Ingestion:	Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor/ if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.	
Inhalation:	Move to fresh air. Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor/ if you feel unwell.	
Skin Contact:	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contact areas with soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.	
Eye contact:	Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lenses. Get medical attention.	
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed		
Symptoms:	No data available.	
Hazards:	No data available.	
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed		

Treatment: Get medical attention if symptoms occur.



5. Fire-fighting measures		
General Fire Hazards:	No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.	
Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media:	Water spray, fog, CO2, dry chemical, or regular foam. Use fire- extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media:	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical:	Heat may cause the containers to explode. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.	
Special protective equipment an	d precautions for firefighters	
Special fire fighting procedures:	No data available.	
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.	
6. Accidental release measure	s	
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:	See Section 8 of the SDS for Personal Protective Equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Keep unauthorized personnel away.	
Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:	Absorb spill with vermiculite or other inert material, then place in a container for chemical waste. Dike far ahead of larger spill for later recovery and disposal.	
Environmental Precautions:	Do not contaminate water sources or sewer. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.	
7. Handling and storage		
Precautions for safe handling:	End-users should follow industry best practices for handling and using this product.	
	Guidance may be found using the current version of ASTM Standard E1497-05: Standard Practice for Selection and Safe Use of Water-Miscible and Straight Oil Metal Removal Fluids Do not expose to intense heat as product may expand and pressurize container. Contains amines. Do not add sodium nitrite or other nitrosating agents which may form cancer causing nitrosamines. Avoid contact with skin. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.	
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:	Store in original tightly closed container. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents. Store away from incompatible materials.	



## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

## **Control Parameters**

## **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Chemical Identity	Туре	Exposure Limit Values	Source
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic - Mist.	TWA	5 mg/m3	Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (11 2011)
	STEL	10 mg/m3	Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (11 2011)
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic - Mist.	TWA	1 mg/m3	Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (05 2013)
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic - Inhalable fraction.	TWA	5 mg/m3	Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (06 2015)
Borate Ethanolamide - Inhalable fraction.	TWA	2 mg/m3	Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (11 2010)
	STEL	6 mg/m3	Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (11 2010)
Hexylene glycol	CEILING	25 ppm 121 mg/m3	Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2) (07 2009)
Hexylene glycol	CEILING	25 ppm	Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (09 2011)
Hexylene glycol	CEILING	25 ppm	Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act) (03 2012)
Hexylene glycol	CEV	25 ppm	Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (11 2010)
Hexylene glycol	Ceiling	25 ppm	Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)
Hexylene glycol	CEILING	25 ppm 121 mg/m3	Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (11 2011)
Mineral oil - Mist.	TWA	1 mg/m3	Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (09 2011)
	TWA	0.2 mg/m3	Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (09 2011)
Mineral oil - Mist.	TWA	5 mg/m3	Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (11 2011)
	STEL	10 mg/m3	Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (11 2011)
Mineral oil - Inhalable fraction.	TWA	5 mg/m3	Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (06 2015)
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (06 2015)
Mineral oil - Inhalable fraction.	TWA	5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2012)
Monoethanolamine	TWA	3 ppm 7.5 mg/m3	Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2) (07 2009)
	STEL	6 ppm 15 mg/m3	Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2) (07 2009)



Monoethanolamine	STEL	6 ppm		Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (09 2011)
	TWA	3 ppm		Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (09 2011)
Monoethanolamine	STEL	6 ppm		Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (11 2010)
	TWA	3 ppm		Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (11 2010)
Monoethanolamine	8 HR ACL	3 ppm		Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)
	15 MIN ACL	6 ppm		Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)
Monoethanolamine	TWA	3 ppm	7.5 mg/m3	Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (11 2011)
	STEL	6 ppm	15 mg/m3	Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (11 2011)
Monoethanolamine	TWA	3 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2012)
	STEL	6 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2012)

#### Appropriate Engineering Controls

No data available.

## Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General information:	Provide easy access to water supply and eye wash facilities. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.
Eye/face protection:	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).
Skin Protection Hand Protection:	No data available.
Other:	Wear chemical-resistant gloves, footwear, and protective clothing appropriate for the risk of exposure. Contact health and safety professional or manufacturer for specific information.
Respiratory Protection:	In case of inadequate ventilation use suitable respirator. Seek advice from supervisor on the company's respiratory protection standards.
Hygiene measures:	Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated footwear that cannot be cleaned.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties



#### Appearance

Physical state: Liquid Form: Color: Odor: **Odor threshold:** pH: 9.2 Melting point/freezing point: Initial boiling point and boiling range: Flash Point: **Evaporation rate:** Flammability (solid, gas): Upper/lower limit on flammability or explosive limits Flammability limit - upper (%): Flammability limit - lower (%): Explosive limit - upper (%): Explosive limit - lower (%): Vapor pressure: Vapor density: **Density: Relative density:** Solubility(ies)

Solubility in water: Solubility (other): Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):

Auto-ignition temperature: Decomposition temperature: No data available. Amber Mild No data available. 9.2 No data available. No data available.

No data available. No data available. 0.998

Soluble No data available. No data available.

No data available. No data available.

No data available.

Viscosity:

### 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity:	Not reactive during normal use.
Chemical Stability:	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions:	None under normal conditions.
Conditions to avoid:	Avoid heat or contamination.
Incompatible Materials:	No data available.
Hazardous Decomposition Products:	Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapors.



11. Toxicological informatic	n	
Information on likely routes o	•	
Inhalation:	Inhalation is the primary route of exposure. In high concentrations, vapors, fumes or mists may irritate nose, throat and mucus membranes.	
Skin Contact:	Causes skin irritation.	
Eye contact:	Eye contact is possible and should be avoided.	
Ingestion:	May be harmful if swallowed.	
Symptoms related to the physical sector of the sector sect	sical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	
Inhalation:	No data available.	
Skin Contact:	No data available.	
Eye contact:	No data available.	
Ingestion:	No data available.	
Information on toxicological	effects	
Acute toxicity (list all poss	ible routes of exposure)	
Oral Product:	ATEmix (): > 5000 mg/kg	
Dermal Product:	ATEmix (): > 5000 mg/kg	
Inhalation Product:	Not classified for acute toxicity based on available data.	
Repeated dose toxicity Product:	No data available.	
Skin Corrosion/Irritation Product:	No data available.	
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irri Product:	tation No data available.	
Respiratory or Skin Sensitiza Product:	ntion No data available.	
Carcinogenicity Product:	No data available.	

IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans: No carcinogenic components identified



US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens: No carcinogenic components identified		
ACGIH Carcinogen List: No carcinogenic components identified		
Germ Cell Mutagenicity		
In vitro Product:	No data available.	
In vivo Product:	No data available.	
Reproductive toxicity Product:	No data available.	
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single ExposureProduct:No data available.		
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Product:	Repeated Exposure No data available.	
Aspiration Hazard Product:	No data available.	
Other effects:	No data available.	
12. Ecological information		
Ecotoxicity:		
Acute hazards to the aquatic	environment:	
Fish Product:	No data available.	
Aquatic Invertebrates Product:	No data available.	
Chronic hazards to the aquati	c environment:	
Fish Product:	No data available.	
Aquatic Invertebrates		



Toxicity to Aquatic Plants Product:	No data available.	
Persistence and Degradability		
Biodegradation Product:	No data available.	
BOD/COD Ratio Product:	No data available.	
Bioaccumulative potential		
Bioconcentration Factor (BC Product:	<b>CF)</b> No data available.	
Partition Coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow) Product: No data available.		
Mobility in soil: Other adverse effects:	No data available. No data available.	
13. Disposal considerations		
Disposal instructions:	Discharge, treatment, or disposal may be subject to national, state, or local laws. Dispose of waste at an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal. It is the responsibility of the product user or owner to determine at the time of disposal, which waste regulations must be applied.	
Contaminated Packaging:	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.	
14. Transport information		
TDG Not regulated.		

## IMDG

Not regulated.

## ΙΑΤΑ

Not regulated.

# 15. Regulatory information



Canada Federal Regulations List of Toxic Substances (CEPA, Schedule 1) Not Regulated		
Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3) Not Regulated		
National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI)         Canada. National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI) Substances, Part 5, VOCs with Additional         Reporting Requirements         NPRI PT5       Not Regulated		
Canada. National Pollutar Reporting Requirements NPRI PT5	nt Release Inventory (NPRI) Substances, Part 5, VOCs with Additional Not Regulated	
Canada. Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA). National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI) (Parts 1-4) NPRI Not Regulated		
Greenhouse Gases Not Regulated		

# 16.Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue Date:	05/23/2017
Revision Date:	05/23/2017
Version #: Further Information:	1.1 No data available.
Disclaimer:	This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to be correct. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment.