

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product name MONTGOMERY DB 4265 C BASE

Other means of identification No data available.

Recommended use: Metalworking fluid

Restrictions on use: Industrial use only

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor Information

Manufacturer

Company Name: Fuchs Lubricants Co.
Address: 17050 Lathrop Avenue
Harvey, Illinois 60426
Telephone: 708-333-8900
Fax: 708-333-9180

Contact Person: EHS Department
E-mail: sds@fuchs.com

Emergency telephone number: 708-333-8900 (Bus. hrs) 800-255-3924 (24 hrs)

2. Hazard(s) identification

Hazard Classification

Health Hazards

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 2A
Toxic to reproduction	Category 2

Label Elements

Hazard Symbol:



Signal Word: Warning

Hazard Statement: Causes serious eye irritation.
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Use personal protective equipment as required.

Response: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage: Store locked up.

Disposal: Dispose of contents/ container to an approved facility in accordance with local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not result in GHS classification: None.

Unknown toxicity - Health

Acute toxicity, oral	5.52 %
Acute toxicity, dermal	8.94 %
Acute toxicity, inhalation, vapor	14.02 %
Acute toxicity, inhalation, dust or mist	14.94 %

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Hazardous Component(s):

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration
Mineral oils	Confidential	10 - <25%
Limestone	1317-65-3	1 - <5%
Sulfonic acids, petroleum, sodium salts	Confidential	1 - <5%
Triazine compound	Confidential	0.1 - <1%
Boric acid	10043-35-3	0.1 - <1%

Specific chemical identities and/or exact percentages have been withheld as trade secrets.

4. First-aid measures

Ingestion:	Rinse mouth thoroughly. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Inhalation:	Move to fresh air. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
Skin Contact:	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contact areas with soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
Eye contact:	Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lenses. Get medical attention.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Symptoms: No data available.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment: Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

5. Fire-fighting measures

General Fire Hazards: No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray, fog, CO2, dry chemical, or regular foam. Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical: Heat may cause the containers to explode. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Special fire-fighting procedures: No data available.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.

6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions,
protective equipment and
emergency procedures:**

See Section 8 of the SDS for Personal Protective Equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Keep unauthorized personnel away. Ensure adequate ventilation.

**Methods and material for
containment and cleaning
up:**

Absorb spill with vermiculite or other inert material, then place in a container for chemical waste. Dike far ahead of larger spill for later recovery and disposal.

Environmental Precautions:

Do not contaminate water sources or sewer. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling:

End-users should follow industry best practices for handling and using this product.

Guidance may be found using the current version of ASTM Standard E1497-05: Standard Practice for Selection and Safe Use of Water-Miscible and Straight Oil Metal Removal Fluids Contains amines. Do not add sodium nitrite or other nitrosating agents which may form cancer causing nitrosamines. Avoid contact with eyes. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Add material slowly when mixing with water. Do not add water to the material; instead, add the material to the water. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Obtain special instructions before use. Use personal protective equipment as required.

**Conditions for safe storage,
including any
incompatibilities:**

Store locked up.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Exposure Limits

Chemical name	Type	Exposure Limit Values	Source
Mineral oils - Mist.	PEL	5 mg/m ³	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended
Limestone - Respirable fraction.	PEL	5 mg/m ³	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended (02 2006)
Limestone - Total dust.	PEL	15 mg/m ³	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended (02 2006)
Boric acid - Inhalable fraction.	TWA	2 mg/m ³	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values, as amended (03 2012)
Boric acid - Inhalable fraction.	STEL	6 mg/m ³	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values, as amended (03 2012)

Protective Measures:

Provide easy access to water supply and eye wash facilities. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates

should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

Respiratory Protection:	In case of inadequate ventilation use suitable respirator. Seek advice from supervisor on the company's respiratory protection standards.
Eye Protection:	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).
Skin and Body Protection:	Wear chemical-resistant gloves, footwear, and protective clothing appropriate for the risk of exposure. Contact health and safety professional or manufacturer for specific information.
Hygiene measures:	Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated footwear that cannot be cleaned.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state:	liquid
Form:	No data available.
Color:	White
Odor:	Characteristic
Odor threshold:	No data available.
pH:	No data available.
Melting point/freezing point:	No data available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	No data available.
Flash Point:	No data available.
Evaporation rate:	No data available.
Flammability (solid, gas):	No data available.

Upper/lower limit on flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - upper (%):	No data available.
Flammability limit - lower (%):	No data available.
Explosive limit - upper:	No data available.
Explosive limit - lower:	No data available.
Vapor pressure:	No data available.
Vapor density:	No data available.
Relative density:	0.97
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility in water:	Emulsifiable in water
Solubility (other):	No data available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	No data available.

Auto-ignition temperature:	No data available.
Decomposition temperature:	No data available.
Viscosity:	> 2 mm ² /s (40 °C)

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity:	Not reactive during normal use.
Chemical Stability:	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions:	None under normal conditions.
Conditions to avoid:	Avoid heat or contamination.
Incompatible Materials:	No data available.
Hazardous Decomposition Products:	Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapors.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion:	May be harmful if swallowed.
Inhalation:	Harmful if inhaled.
Skin Contact:	Causes skin irritation.
Eye contact:	Causes serious eye irritation.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Ingestion:	No data available.
Inhalation:	No data available.
Skin Contact:	No data available.
Eye contact:	No data available.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (list all possible routes of exposure)

Oral	
Product:	ATEmix (): > 5000 mg/kg
Dermal	
Product:	ATEmix (): > 5000 mg/kg

Inhalation

Product: Not classified for acute toxicity based on available data.

Repeated dose toxicity

Product: No data available.

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Product: No data available.

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Product: No data available.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization

Product: No data available.

Carcinogenicity

Product: No data available.

IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans:

No carcinogenic components identified

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens:

No carcinogenic components identified

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050), as amended:

No carcinogenic components identified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

In vitro

Product: No data available.

In vivo

Product: No data available.

Reproductive toxicity

Product: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. A human study of occupationally exposed borate worker population showed no adverse reproductive effects. Animal studies indicate that boric acid reduces or inhibits sperm production, cause testicular atrophy, and when given to pregnant animals during gestation, may cause developmental changes. These feed studies were conducted under chronic exposure conditions leading to doses many times in excess of those that could occur through inhalation of dust in the occupational setting.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

Product: No data available.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

Product: No data available.

Aspiration Hazard

Product:

No data available.

Other effects:

No data available.

12. Ecological information

General information:

This product has not been evaluated for ecological toxicity or other environmental effects.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions:

Discharge, treatment, or disposal may be subject to national, state, or local laws. Dispose of waste at an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal. It is the responsibility of the product user or owner to determine at the time of disposal, which waste regulations must be applied.

Contaminated Packaging:

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT

Not regulated.

IMDG

Not regulated.

IATA

Not regulated.

15. Regulatory information

US Federal Regulations

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050), as amended

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

Reproductive toxicity

SARA 313 (TRI Reporting)

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

US State Regulations

US. California Proposition 65



This product can expose you to chemicals including Ethylene oxide which is [are] known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

2-Propenoic acid, ethyl ester 1,4-Dioxane which is [are] known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Ethylene glycol which is [are] known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue Date: 09.12.2022

Revision Date: 22.11.2022

Version #: 1.3

Further Information: No data available.

Disclaimer: This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to be correct. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment.