

POLYSI® Lubricants Issued 04/07/95 PST-540 Revision 4 9/11/20

#### 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: PST-540

**Recommended Use:** Lubricant (not for medical purposes)

Company: Fuchs Lubricants Co. 17050 Lathrop Avenue Harvey, IL 60426, USA

**Telephone:** 1-708-333-8900 (Business hours) **Emergency Telephone:** 1-800-255-3924 (24 hours)

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification: Environmentally hazardous

Labeling: Symbol:



Signal Word: Warning Hazard statements:

H410 – Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## **Precautionary Statements:**

Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear safety glasses and gloves.

Avoid contact with eyes.

Non flammable or combustible, but may burn if involved in a fire.

P273 – Avoid release to the environment.

P391 - Collect spillage.

#### 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Identity: Dimethyl siloxanes and silicones, 25-35%

**Common Name:** Methyl silicone 63148-62-9

**Impurities:** No information provided by manufacturer

Chemical Identity: Zinc oxide, 65-75%

CAS Number: None 1314-13-2

**Impurities:** No greater than 0.1%, not classifiable

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye Contact: Flush eyes with large amounts of water. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical

attention. Obtain medical attention.

Skin Contact: Wash affected area with soap and water. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical

attention. No need for first aid is anticipated.





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**Inhalation:** If signs/symptoms develop, remove person to fresh air. If signs/symptoms

persist, get medical attention.

**Ingestion:** If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. If irritation or discomfort occurs, obtain

medical assistance.

#### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

**Autoignition Temperature:** >300°C **Flash point:** >300°C

Flammable Limits (LEL) Not determined Not determined Not determined

Suitable Extinguishing Media: On large fires used dry chemical, foam, or water spray. On small

fires use carbon dioxide, dry chemical, or water spray. Water

can be used to cool fire exposed containers.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: None.

**Specific hazards in case of fire:** Decomposes on heating and can release formaldehyde. Avoid reaction with oxidizers. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer, or drain.

## Special protective equipment and precautions for fire fighters:

No acute hazard. Move container from fire area, if possible. Avoid breathing vapors or dusts. Keep upwind. Use full firefighting gear (bunker gear). Any supplied-air respirator with full face piece and operated in a pressure-demand or other positive pressure mode in combination with a separate escape air supply. Use any self contained breathing apparatus with a full face piece.

Alert fire brigade and indicate hazard location. Wear breathing apparatus plus protective clothing. Cool fire exposed containers with water spray from a protected location. Do not approach containers suspected to be hot. If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Personal precautions:** Use appropriate personal protection. (See section 8.)

**Environmental precautions:** For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water. Collect the resulting residue containing solution. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

**Methods for material containment and cleaning up:** Observe precautions from other sections. Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent. Seal the container.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling: Avoid contact with skin, inhalation of mist, or ingestion. See section 8 for personal protection equipment. Practice good personal hygiene to prevent accidental ingestion after handling. Properly dispose of clothing that cannot be decontaminated.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Store away from oxidizing materials. Store product in a closed container located in a dry area. Do not store in open, inadequate, or mislabeled packaging. Check that containers are clearly





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labeled. Use metal cans, metal drums, plastic, or lined fiber containers. Keep away from heat and flame.

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Control Parameters:** Under most handling conditions, this product will not generate mist or dust. **Engineering Controls:** In most conditions, no special local ventilation is needed. General ventilation recommended. If the product is heated above 150°C or atomized ventilation should be used.

## Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):

**Eyes:** Safety glasses recommended.

**Skin:** Impermeable gloves should be worn. Product is compatible with most

elastomers.

Inhalation: No respiratory protection required under most conditions. If concentrations

exceed exposure limits, approved respiratory equipment must be used.

#### 9. CHEMICAL AND PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

**Physical state:** Solid. Liquid may separate from product.

Color: White

Odor: Nearly odorless
Odor Threshold: Not available
pH Value: Not applicable
Melting Point: Decomposes

**Freezing Point:** Becomes very stiff with decreasing temperature around -50°C

Initial Boiling Point: >200°C

Flash Point: >300°C COC (Base oil)

Evaporation rate:
Flammability (solid, gas):
Not applicable
Not available
Not available
Not available
Negligible at 20°C
Vapor density:
Not available

**Volatile Organic Content:** 0.0 g/L

**Solubility:** Insoluble in water at 20°C

Partition coefficient: Not available
Auto-ignition temperature: Not available

**Decomposition temperature:** Begins to decompose at 150°C.

#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical stability: Stable under ambient temperatures and pressures

Possibility of hazardous reactions: May react with air under very high pressure. Otherwise

will not react or polymerize.

Conditions to avoid:

No specific conditions to avoid have been identified.

Materials to avoid:

Oxidizers, flax oil, magnesium, strong bases and acids.

Chlorinated rubber can have a violent reaction at temperatures above 215°C with this product.

Hazardous decomposition products: Decomposes on heating and produces formaldehyde, silicone dioxide, and incompletely burned carbon compounds.

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION





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- (a) acute toxicity Not toxic. LD<sub>50</sub> (rat) > 10,000 mg/kg (dimethyl silicone)
- **(b) skin corrosion/irritation** Not irritating / not corrosive to the skin. LD<sub>50</sub> (rabbit) > 2,000 mg/kg (dimethyl silicone)
- (c) serious eye damage/irritation Possible irritant / not corrosive to the eyes.
- (d) respiratory or skin sensitization Not sensitizing to the skin.
- (e) germ-cell mutagenicity Not a germ cell mutagen.
- (f) carcinogenicity Not a carcinogen.
- (g) reproductive toxicity There are currently no reliable scientific data available indicating adverse effects on reproduction or fertility.
- (h) aspiration hazard Not applicable (not an aerosol/mist).

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity:

Dimethyl silicone:

Invertebrates: Daphnia magna 48h-LC<sub>50</sub> >10,000 mg/L

Zinc oxide:

Invertebrates: Daphnia magna 48h-LC50 98 µg/L

Algae: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata 72h-EC<sub>50</sub> 42 μg/L

Algae: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata 72h Chronic NOEC 17 µg/L

Fish: Lepomis macrochirus 96h-LC<sub>50</sub> 320 ppm

Persistence and degradability: In soil, siloxanes are degraded.

**Bioaccumulative potential:** Zinc oxide has a high bioaccumulative potential. BCF 60960 **Mobility in soil:** Siloxanes are removed from water by sedimentation or binding to sewage

sludge. Zinc oxide is not mobile.

#### 13. DISPOSAL PROCEDURES

**Waste treatment methods:** Waste (substance and container material) shall be recycled/recovered or disposed of as applicable and in accordance with community (EU) and local legislation. Recycle wherever possible. Consult state land waste management authority for disposal. Bury at an approved site. Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorized landfill.

**According to the European Waste Catalogue**, Waste Codes are not product specific but application specific. Waste Codes should be assigned by the user based on the application in which the product is used.

**For USA Disposal:** Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state, and local environmental control regulations.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Class or Type: Class 9. Packing group III. UN3077 Environmentally hazardous substance, solid N.O.S. (Zinc oxide). This environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes less than 5L or 5kg.

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the mixture:

Other Information:

U. S. Regulatory information

TSCA Inventory Status:

All ingredients listed or exempt





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TSCA 12 (b) Export Notification: Not listed

CERCLA Section 103 (40 CFR 302.4): N SARA Section 302 (40 CFR 355.30): N SARA Section 304 (40 CFR 355.40): N

SARA Section 313 (40 CFR 372.65): Zinc oxide

OSHA Process Safety (29 CFR 1910.119): N

SARA Hazard Categories, SARA Sections 311/312 (40 CFR 370.21) -

Acute Hazard: N
Chronic Hazard: N
Fire Hazard: N
Reactivity Hazard: N
Sudden Release Hazard: N

**State Regulations:** Not on California Proposition 65 list. Does not contain any contaminants or by-products known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity.

**Note** – There are no known safety, health or environmental restrictions or prohibitions in any country where this product is produced, imported or marketed.

Chemical Inventories:

DSL (Canada)

EINECS (European Union)

ENCS/ISHL (Japan)

ECSC (Peoples Republic of China)

TSCA (United States of America)

All ingredients listed or exempt All ingredients listed or exempt

#### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA Hazard Classification:

Health: 1
Flammability: 1
Reactivity: 0
Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

HMIS Hazard Classification:

Health: 1 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0

Protection: B (See PPE section)

Hazardous Material Identification System (HMIS) hazard ratings are designed to inform employees of chemical hazards in the workplace. The ratings are based on inherent properties of the material under expected conditions of normal use and are not intended for use in emergency situations.

These data are offered in good faith as typical values and not as product specifications. No warranty, either expressed or implied, is hereby made. The recommended industrial hygiene and safe handling procedures are believed to be generally applicable. However, each user should review these recommendations in the specific context of the intended use and determine whether they are appropriate.





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