

## **Safety Data Sheet**

Copyright, 2018, 3M Company.

All rights reserved. Copying and/or downloading of this information for the purpose of properly utilizing 3M products is allowed provided that: (1) the information is copied in full with no changes unless prior written agreement is obtained from 3M, and (2) neither the copy nor the original is resold or otherwise distributed with the intention of earning a profit thereon.

 Document Group:
 33-8419-5
 Version Number:
 1.01

 Issue Date:
 01/17/18
 Supercedes Date:
 09/11/14

## **SECTION 1: Identification**

#### 1.1. Product identifier

3M(TM) Scotch-Weld(TM) Hydraulic Pneumatic Sealant HP45, Purple

#### **Product Identification Numbers**

62-3477-3960-9, 62-3477-5060-6, 62-3477-5065-5

#### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

#### Recommended use

Adhesive

#### 1.3. Supplier's details

MANUFACTURER: 3M

**DIVISION:** Industrial Adhesives and Tapes Division **ADDRESS:** 3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA **Telephone:** 1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

receptione.

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

## **SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

## 2.1. Hazard classification

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2A. Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 2. Respiratory Sensitizer: Category 1. Skin Sensitizer: Category 1A. Reproductive Toxicity: Category 2.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure): Category 1.

### 2.2. Label elements

#### Signal word

Danger

## **Symbols**

Health Hazard |

#### **Pictograms**



#### **Hazard Statements**

Causes serious eye irritation.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure:

nervous system | respiratory system |

## **Precautionary Statements**

#### **Prevention:**

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

#### Response

IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

## Storage:

Store locked up.

## Disposal:

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

25% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute inhalation toxicity.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
Polyglycol Dioctanoate	18268-70-7	20 - 40 Trade Secret *
Polyester Resin (NJTS Reg. No. 04499600-7087)	Trade Secret*	20 - 40 Trade Secret *

**Page 2 of** 12

3M(TM) Scotch-Weld(TM) Hydraulic Pneumatic Sealant HP45, Purple	ole 01/17/18
---	--------------

Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	27813-02-1	10 - 30 Trade Secret *
Polyethyleneglycol Dimethacrylate	25852-47-5	10 - 30 Trade Secret *
Amorphous Silica	112945-52-5	1 - 10 Trade Secret *
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	868-77-9	1 - 5 Trade Secret *
Cumene Hydroperoxide	80-15-9	1 - 5 Trade Secret *
1-Acetyl-2-Phenylhydrazine	114-83-0	<= 1 Trade Secret *
Methanol	67-56-1	<= 0.7 Trade Secret *
Maleic Anhydride	108-31-6	<= 0.5 Trade Secret *

NJTS or NJTSRN: New Jersey Trade Secret Registry Number.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

#### **Skin Contact:**

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

#### **Eye Contact:**

Immediately flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention.

#### If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

## 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

# **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

## 5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

None inherent in this product.

## **Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products**

<b>Substance</b>	<u>Condition</u>
Carbon monoxide	During Combustion
Carbon dioxide	During Combustion
Oxides of Nitrogen	During Combustion
Oxides of Sulfur	During Combustion

n 2 e 10

<sup>\*</sup>The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

#### 5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

No special protective actions for fire-fighters are anticipated.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Use personal protective equipment (gloves, respirators, etc.) as required.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Protect from sunlight. Store away from heat. Store away from oxidizing agents.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	Additional Comments
Maleic Anhydride	108-31-6	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable fraction and	Sensitizer, A4: Not class. as human carcin, Dermal/Respiratory Sensitizer
Maleic Anhydride	108-31-6	OSHA	TWA:1 mg/m3(0.25 ppm)	
SILICA, AMORPHOUS	112945-52-5	OSHA	TWA concentration:0.8 mg/m3;TWA:20 millions of particles/cu. ft.	
Methanol	67-56-1	ACGIH	TWA:200 ppm;STEL:250 ppm	SKIN
Methanol	67-56-1	OSHA	TWA:260 mg/m3(200 ppm)	
Cumene Hydroperoxide	80-15-9	AIHA	TWA:6 mg/m3(1 ppm)	SKIN

**Page 4 of** 12

## 3M(TM) Scotch-Weld(TM) Hydraulic Pneumatic Sealant HP45, Purple

01/17/18

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

OSHA: United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

### 8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

#### 8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

### Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

**Indirect Vented Goggles** 

#### Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity. Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

#### Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

General Physical Form:

Specific Physical Form:

Liquid

Thixotropic Liquid

Odor, Color, Grade: Brown liquid slightly sweet odor

Odor thresholdNo Data AvailablepHNot ApplicableMelting pointNot Applicable

**Boiling Point** >=300 °F [@ 760 mmHg]

Flash Point >=212 °F [Test Method: Tagliabue Closed Cup]

Evaporation rateNo Data AvailableEvaporation rateNegligibleFlammability (solid, gas)Not ApplicableFlammable Limits(LEL)No Data AvailableFlammable Limits(UEL)No Data AvailableVapor Pressure13.3 Pa [@ 20 °C]Vapor DensityNo Data Available

**Page 5 of** 12

3M(TM) Scotch-Weld(TM) Hydraulic Pneumatic Sealant HP45, Purple

01/17/18

**Density** 1.05 g/ml [@ 20 °C]

Specific Gravity 1.05 [@ 20 °C] [Ref Std:WATER=1]

Solubility in Water Negligible

Solubility- non-waterNo Data AvailablePartition coefficient: n-octanol/ waterNo Data AvailableAutoignition temperatureNo Data AvailableDecomposition temperatureNo Data Available

Viscosity 500 centipoise [@ 20 °C ] [Test Method: Brookfield]

Hazardous Air Pollutants <1 % weight [Test Method: Calculated]

**VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents** < 10 g/l [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

## 10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

## 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat Light

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

**Substance Condition** 

None known.

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

### 11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

#### Inhalation:

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

**Page** 6 of 12

Allergic Respiratory Reaction: Signs/symptoms may include difficulty breathing, wheezing, cough, and tightness of chest.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

#### **Skin Contact:**

Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, dryness, cracking, blistering, and pain. Allergic Skin Reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

#### **Eve Contact:**

Severe Eye Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, cloudy appearance of the cornea, and impaired vision.

#### **Ingestion:**

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

#### **Additional Health Effects:**

#### Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause target organ effects:

Neurological Effects: Signs/symptoms may include personality changes, lack of coordination, sensory loss, tingling or numbness of the extremities, weakness, tremors, and/or changes in blood pressure and heart rate.

Respiratory Effects: Signs/symptoms may include cough, shortness of breath, chest tightness, wheezing, increased heart rate, bluish colored skin (cyanosis), sputum production, changes in lung function tests, and/or respiratory failure.

#### Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

## **Toxicological Data**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

## **Acute Toxicity**

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation- Vapor(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE >50 mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Polyglycol Dioctanoate	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 20,000 mg/kg
Polyglycol Dioctanoate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 18,000 mg/kg
Polyethyleneglycol Dimethacrylate	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Polyethyleneglycol Dimethacrylate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Amorphous Silica	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Amorphous Silica	Inhalation- Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 0.691 mg/l
Amorphous Silica	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,110 mg/kg
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,564 mg/kg
Cumene Hydroperoxide	Dermal	Rat	LD50 500 mg/kg
Cumene Hydroperoxide	Inhalation- Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 1.4 mg/l
Cumene Hydroperoxide	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 382 mg/kg

**Page** 7 of 12

01/17/18

1-Acetyl-2-Phenylhydrazine	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be 200 - 1,000 mg/kg
1-Acetyl-2-Phenylhydrazine	Ingestion	Mouse	LD50 270 mg/kg
Methanol	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be 1,000 - 2,000 mg/kg
Methanol	Inhalation- Vapor		LC50 estimated to be 10 - 20 mg/l
Methanol	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be 50 - 300 mg/kg
Maleic Anhydride	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 2,620 mg/kg
Maleic Anhydride	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 400 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

## Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Amorphous Silica	Rabbit	No significant irritation
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Cumene Hydroperoxide	Rabbit	Corrosive
Methanol	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Maleic Anhydride	Rabbit	Corrosive

## Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
Amorphous Silica	Rabbit	No significant irritation
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
Cumene Hydroperoxide	Rabbit	Corrosive
Methanol	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
Maleic Anhydride	Rabbit	Corrosive

## **Skin Sensitization**

Name	Species	Value
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	Human	Sensitizing
	and	
	animal	
Amorphous Silica	Human	Not classified
	and	
	animal	
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	Human	Sensitizing
	and	
	animal	
Methanol	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
Maleic Anhydride	Multiple	Sensitizing
	animal	
	species	

**Respiratory Sensitization** 

Name	Species	Value
Maleic Anhydride	Human	Sensitizing

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity** 

Name	Route	Value
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Amorphous Silica	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	In vivo	Not mutagenic
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

**Page** 8 of 12

01/17/18

Cumene Hydroperoxide	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Cumene Hydroperoxide	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Methanol	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Methanol	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	Inhalation	Multiple	Not carcinogenic
		animal	_
		species	
Amorphous Silica	Not	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
	Specified		sufficient for classification
Methanol	Inhalation	Multiple	Not carcinogenic
		animal	
		species	

## **Reproductive Toxicity**

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	premating into lactation
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	49 days
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	during gestation
Amorphous Silica	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 509 mg/kg/day	1 generation
Amorphous Silica	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 497 mg/kg/day	1 generation
Amorphous Silica	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,350 mg/kg/day	during organogenesi s
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	premating & during gestation
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	49 days
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	premating & during gestation
Methanol	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,600 mg/kg/day	21 days
Methanol	Ingestion	Toxic to development	Mouse	LOAEL 4,000 mg/kg/day	during organogenesi s
Methanol	Inhalation	Toxic to development	Mouse	NOAEL 1.3 mg/l	during organogenesi s

## Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure						
Name Route Target Organ		Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure
						Duration
Hydroxypropyl	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the	similar	NOAEL Not	
Methacrylate			data are not sufficient for	health	available	
-			classification	hazards		
Cumene Hydroperoxide	Inhalation	central nervous	May cause drowsiness or	Human	NOAEL Not	occupational
- •		system depression	dizziness		available	exposure
Cumene Hydroperoxide	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	Human	NOAEL Not	occupational

					available	exposure
Cumene Hydroperoxide	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Not available	
Methanol	Inhalation	blindness	Causes damage to organs	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Methanol	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	not available
Methanol	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL Not available	6 hours
Methanol	Ingestion	blindness	Causes damage to organs	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Methanol	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Maleic Anhydride	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	Human	LOAEL 0.001 mg/l	occupational exposure

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	Inhalation	blood	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.5 mg/l	21 days
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	hematopoietic system   heart   endocrine system   liver   immune system   nervous system   kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	41 days
Amorphous Silica	Inhalation	respiratory system   silicosis	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Cumene Hydroperoxide	Inhalation	nervous system   respiratory system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	LOAEL 0.2 mg/l	7 days
Cumene Hydroperoxide	Inhalation	heart   liver   kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.03 mg/l	90 days
Methanol	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 6.55 mg/l	4 weeks
Methanol	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 13.1 mg/l	6 weeks
Methanol	Ingestion	liver   nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	90 days

#### **Aspiration Hazard**

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## **Ecotoxicological information**

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

#### **Chemical fate information**

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

12

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate uncured product in a permitted waste incineration facility. Dispose of completely cured (or polymerized) material in a permitted industrial waste facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. As a disposal alternative, utilize an acceptable permitted waste disposal facility. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): Not regulated

## **SECTION 14: Transport Information**

For Transport Information, please visit http://3M.com/Transportinfo or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. US Federal Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

### **EPCRA 311/312 Hazard Classifications:**

Physi	ical	Hazar	ds

Not applicable

#### **Health Hazards**

Reproductive toxicity

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

Skin Corrosion or Irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

## Section 313 Toxic Chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of that section and 40 CFR part 372 (EPCRA):

Ingredient C.A.S. No % by Wt

Cumene Hydroperoxide 80-15-9 Trade Secret 1 - 5

## 15.2. State Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

#### 15.3. Chemical Inventories

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA.

Contact 3M for more information.

#### 15.4. International Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

**Page 11 of** 12

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 2 Flammability: 1 Instability: 1 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

 Document Group:
 33-8419-5
 Version Number:
 1.01

 Issue Date:
 01/17/18
 Supercedes Date:
 09/11/14

DISCLAIMER: The information in this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is believed to be correct as of the date issued.3MMAKES NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR COURSE OF PERFORMANCE OR USAGE OF TRADE. User is responsible for determining whether the 3Mproduct is fit for a particular purpose and suitable for user's method of use or application. Given the variety of factors that can affect the use and application of a 3Mproduct, some of which are uniquely within the user's knowledge and control, it is essential that the user evaluate the 3Mproduct to determine whether it is fit for a particular purpose and suitable for user's method of use or application.

3Mprovides information in electronic form as a service to its customers. Due to the remote possibility that electronic transfer may have resulted in errors, omissions or alterations in this information,3Mmakes no representations as to its completeness or accuracy. In addition, information obtained from a database may not be as current as the information in the SDS available directly from3M

3M USA SDSs are available at www.3M.com

Page 12 of 12