

Material Safety Data Sheet

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SECTION 1: PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: SCOTCH (TM) BRAND 1602 INSULATING SEALER (RED)

MANUFACTURER: 3M

DIVISION: Electrical Markets Division

ADDRESS: 3M Center

St. Paul, MN 55144-1000

EMERGENCY PHONE: 1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

Issue Date: 10/02/2006 **Supercedes Date:** 02/02/2006

Document Group: 06-3108-5

Product Use:

Intended Use: ELECTRICAL INSULATING SEALER

Specific Use: SPRAY PAINT FOR ELECTRICAL INSULATION

SECTION 2: INGREDIENTS

Ingredient	<u>C.A.S. No.</u>	<u>% by Wt</u>
ACETONE	67-64-1	40 - 50
PROPANE	74-98-6	12 - 18
XYLENE	1330-20-7	10 - 15
Alkyd Polymer	Trade Secret	10 - 15
IRON OXIDE (FE2O3)	1309-37-1	<= 5
METHYL ETHYL KETONE	78-93-3	3 - 8
ETHYL 3-ETHOXYPROPIONATE	763-69-9	< 5
ETHYLBENZENE	100-41-4	<= 2

Minute quantities of the substances listed below may be emitted during Normal Use:

SubstanceConditionHydrocarbonsNormal UseKetonesNormal Use

This material is compliant with the EU directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS directive).

SECTION 3: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

3.1 EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Specific Physical Form: Aerosol

Odor, Color, Grade: AEROSOL, RED LIQUID WITH A KETONE ODOR

General Physical Form: Liquid

Immediate health, physical, and environmental hazards: Flammable liquefied gas. Aerosol container contains flammable gas under pressure. Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode. Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors may travel long distances along the ground or floor to an ignition source and flash back. Aerosol container contains flammable material under pressure.

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer. May cause target organ

effects.

3.2 POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Eve Contact:

Moderate Eye Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.

Skin Contact:

Moderate Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness.

Inhalation:

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

Intentional concentration and inhalation may be harmful or fatal.

May be absorbed following inhalation and cause target organ effects.

Ingestion:

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

May be absorbed following ingestion and cause target organ effects.

Target Organ Effects:

Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness.

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause:

Liver Effects: Signs/symptoms may include loss of appetite, weight loss, fatigue, weakness, abdominal tenderness and jaundice.

Kidney/Bladder Effects: Signs/symptoms may include changes in urine production, abdominal or lower back pain, increased protein in urine, increased blood urea nitrogen (BUN), blood in urine, and painful urination.

Carcinogenicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

<u>Ingredient</u> <u>C.A.S. No. Class Description</u> <u>Regulation</u>

ETHYLBENZENE 100-41-4 Group 2B International Agency for Research on Cancer

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 FIRST AID PROCEDURES

The following first aid recommendations are based on an assumption that appropriate personal and industrial hygiene practices are followed.

Eye Contact: Flush eyes with large amounts of water. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Immediately flush skin with large amounts of water. Get medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing and clean shoes before reuse.

Inhalation: Remove person to fresh air. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

If Swallowed: Do not induce vomiting unless instructed to do so by medical personnel. Give victim two glasses of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention.

SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 FLAMMABLE PROPERTIES

Flash Point
-50 °F [Test Method: Closed Cup]
Flammable Limits - LEL
1 % [Details: Liquid portion.]
Flammable Limits - UEL
12.8 % [Details: Liquid portion.]
OSHA Flammability Classification:
Class IB Flammable Liquid

5.2 EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Use fire extinguishers with class B extinguishing agents (e.g., dry chemical, carbon dioxide).

5.3 PROTECTION OF FIRE FIGHTERS

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture. Wear full protective equipment (Bunker Gear) and a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Flammable liquefied gas. Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode. Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors may travel long distances along the ground or floor to an ignition source and flash back. Aerosol container contains flammable material under pressure.

Note: See STABILITY AND REACTIVITY (SECTION 10) for hazardous combustion and thermal decomposition information.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Accidental Release Measures: Refer to other sections of this MSDS for information regarding physical and health hazards,

respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment. Call 3M-HELPS line (1-800-364-3577) for more information on handling and managing the spill. Evacuate unprotected and untrained personnel from hazard area. The spill should be cleaned up by qualified personnel. Remove all ignition sources such as flames, smoking materials, and electrical spark sources. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Contain spill. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water. If possible, seal leaking container. Place leaking containers in a well-ventilated area, preferably an operating exhaust hood, or if necessary outdoors on an impermeable surface until appropriate packaging for the leaking container or its contents is available. Cover spill area with a fire-extinguishing foam. An aqueous film forming foam (AFFF) is recommended. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a toxic, corrosivity or flammability hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and MSDS. Collect the resulting residue containing solution. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

In the event of a release of this material, the user should determine if the release qualifies as reportable according to local, state, and federal regulations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 HANDLING

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash exposed areas thoroughly with soap and water. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flame, pilot lights and other sources of ignition. Ground containers securely when transferring contents. Wear low static or properly grounded shoes. Do not pierce or burn container, even after use. No smoking while handling this material. Do not spray near flames or sources of ignition. Avoid breathing of vapors, mists or spray. Aerosol container contains flammable gas under pressure. Avoid static discharge. Avoid eye contact with vapors, mists, or spray. For industrial or professional use only. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents.

7.2 STORAGE

Store away from acids. Store away from heat. Store out of direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Do not store containers on their sides. Store away from oxidizing agents.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 ENGINEERING CONTROLS

Do not use in a confined area or areas with little or no air movement. Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below Occupational Exposure Limits and/or control mist, vapor, or spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2 PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

8.2.1 Eye/Face Protection

Avoid eye contact with vapors, mists, or spray.

The following eye protection(s) are recommended: Indirect Vented Goggles.

8.2.2 Skin Protection

Avoid skin contact. Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible materials.

8.2.3 Respiratory Protection

Avoid breathing of vapors, mists or spray.

Select one of the following NIOSH approved respirators based on airborne concentration of contaminants and in accordance with OSHA regulations: Half facepiece or fullface pressure demand self-contained breathing apparatus. Consult the current 3M Respiratory Selection Guide for additional information or call 1-800-243-4630 for 3M technical assistance.

8.2.4 Prevention of Swallowing

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash exposed areas thoroughly with soap and water.

8.3 EXPOSURE GUIDELINES

Ingredient	Authority	Type	Limit	Additional Information
ACETONE	ACGIH	TWA	500 ppm	Table A4
ACETONE	ACGIH	STEL	750 ppm	Table A4
ACETONE	OSHA	TWA, Vacated	750 ppm	
ACETONE	OSHA	TWA	1000 ppm	Table Z-1
ACETONE	OSHA	STEL, Vacated	1000 ppm	
ETHYL 3-ETHOXYPROPIONATE	CMRG	TWA	50 ppm	
ETHYL 3-ETHOXYPROPIONATE	CMRG	STEL	100 ppm	
ETHYLBENZENE	ACGIH	TWA	100 ppm	Table A3
ETHYLBENZENE	ACGIH	STEL	125 ppm	Table A3
ETHYLBENZENE	OSHA	TWA	100 ppm	Table Z-1A
ETHYLBENZENE	OSHA	STEL	125 ppm	Table Z-1A
IRON OXIDE (FE2O3)	ACGIH	TWA, respirable	5 mg/m3	Table A4
IRON OXIDE (FE2O3)	OSHA	TWA, as fume	10 mg/m3	Table Z-1A
METHYL ETHYL KETONE	ACGIH	TWA	200 ppm	
METHYL ETHYL KETONE	ACGIH	STEL	300 ppm	
METHYL ETHYL KETONE	OSHA	TWA	200 ppm	Table Z-1A
METHYL ETHYL KETONE	OSHA	STEL	300 ppm	Table Z-1A
PROPANE	ACGIH	TWA	1000 ppm	
PROPANE	OSHA	TWA	1000 ppm	Table Z-1
XYLENE	ACGIH	TWA	100 ppm	Table A4
XYLENE	ACGIH	STEL	150 ppm	Table A4
XYLENE	OSHA	TWA	100 ppm	Table Z-1A
XYLENE	OSHA	STEL	150 ppm	Table Z-1A

VAC Vacated PEL:Vacated Permissible Exposure Limits [PEL] are enforced as the OSHA PEL in some states. Check with your local regulatory agency.

SOURCE OF EXPOSURE LIMIT DATA:

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer Recommended Guideline OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (WEEL)

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Specific Physical Form:

Odor, Color, Grade: AEROSOL, RED LIQUID WITH A KETONE ODOR

General Physical Form: Liquid

Flash Point -50 °F [Test Method: Closed Cup] 1 % [Details: Liquid portion.] Flammable Limits - LEL 12.8 % [Details: Liquid portion.] Flammable Limits - UEL

Vapor Density No Data Available

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Vapor Pressure No Data Available

Specific Gravity 0.8 [*Ref Std*: WATER=1] [*Details*: Liquid portion.]

Evaporation rate No Data Available

Volatile Organic Compounds 664 g/l **Percent volatile** 38 % weight

VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents 304 g/l [Test Method: South Cost Air Qual Mgmt Dist]

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable.

Materials and Conditions to Avoid: Heat; Sparks and/or flames; Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Polymerization: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

Substance Condition

Carbon monoxide During Combustion
Carbon dioxide During Combustion

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Please contact the address listed on the first page of the MSDS for Toxicological Information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Not determined.

CHEMICAL FATE INFORMATION

Not determined.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method: Incinerate in a permitted hazardous waste incinerator. As a disposal alternative, dispose of waste product in a permitted hazardous waste facility.

Facility must be capable of handling aerosol cans. Dispose of empty product containers in a sanitary landfill.

EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): D001 (Ignitable), D035 (Methyl ethyl ketone)

Since regulations vary, consult applicable regulations or authorities before disposal.

SECTION 14:TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ID Number(s):

80-6107-3299-4

Please contact the emergency numbers listed on the first page of the MSDS for Transportation Information for this material.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

US FEDERAL REGULATIONS

Contact 3M for more information.

311/312 Hazard Categories:

Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - Yes Reactivity Hazard - No Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - Yes

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of that section and 40 CFR part 372 (EPCRA):

<u>Ingredient</u>	<u>C.A.S. No</u>	<u>% by Wt</u>
METHYL ETHYL KETONE	78-93-3	3 - 8
ETHYLBENZENE	100-41-4	<= 2
XYLENE	1330-20-7	10 - 15

This material contains a chemical which requires export notification under TSCA Section 12[b]:

Ingredient (Category if applicable)	C.A.S. No	Regulation	Status
ACETONE	67-64-1	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) 4 Test	Applicable
		Rule Chemicals	

STATE REGULATIONS

Contact 3M for more information.

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

<u>Ingredient</u>	C.A.S. No.	Classification
ETHYLBENZENE	100-41-4	**Carcinogen

^{**} WARNING: contains a chemical which can cause cancer.

CHEMICAL INVENTORIES

All applicable chemical ingredients in this material are listed on the European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (EINECS), or are exempt polymers whose monomers are listed on EINECS.

Contact 3M for more information.

INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS

This material contains one or more ingredients that may be regulated by the International Traffic in Arms Regulation (ITAR), an export control of US military technology and chemicals. Prior to export of this material or any product containing this material, determine whether a proper license from the Department of State must be obtained. See 22CFR 120-130 for any specific requirements.

Contact 3M for more information.

WHMIS: Hazardous

This MSDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 2 Flammability: 4 Reactivity: 0 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

HMIS Hazard Classification

Health: 2 Flammability: 4 Reactivity: 0 Protection: B

Hazardous Material Identification System (HMIS(r)) hazard ratings are designed to inform employees of chemical hazards in the workplace. These ratings are based on the inherent properties of the material under expected conditions of normal use and are not intended for use in emergency situations. HMIS(r) ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS(r) program. HMIS(r) is a registered mark of the National Paint and Coatings Association (NPCA).

Revision Changes:

Section 8: Exposure guidelines ingredient information was modified.

Section 16: Reason for reissue comment was deleted.

Section 16: Reason for reissue heading was deleted.

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TRADE. User is responsible for determining whether the 3M product is fit for a particular purpose and suitable for user's method of use or application. Given the variety of factors that can affect the use and application of a 3M product, some of which are uniquely within the user's knowledge and control, it is essential that the user evaluate the 3M product to determine whether it is fit for a particular purpose and suitable for user's method of use or application.

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