



1. Identification

Product identifier	Dielectric Grease - 10 oz
Other means of identification	
Product Code	No. 03082 (Item# 1003346)
Recommended use	Lubricating and insulating electrical components
Recommended restrictions	None known.
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier	/Distributor information
Manufactured or sold by:	
Company name	CRC Industries, Inc.
Address	885 Louis Dr.
	Warminster, PA 18974 US
Telephone	
General Information	215-674-4300
Technical Assistance	800-521-3168
Customer Service	800-272-4620
24-Hour Emergency (CHEMTREC)	800-424-9300 (US)
Website	www.crcindustries.com

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Flammable aerosols	Category 1
	Gases under pressure	Liquefied gas
Health hazards	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 respiratory tract irritation
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
	Aspiration hazard	Category 1
Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard	Category 1
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 1
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	
Label elements		



Signal word **Hazard statement**

Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not apply while equipment is energized. Extinguish all flames, pilot lights, and heaters. Vapors will accumulate readily and may ignite. Use only with adequate ventilation; maintain ventilation during use and until all vapors are gone. Open doors and windows or use other means to ensure a fresh air supply during use and while product is drying. If you experience any symptoms listed on this label, increase ventilation or leave the area. Avoid breathing mist/vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear eye protection/face protection. Wear protective gloves. Avoid release to the environment.
Response	If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Collect spillage.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Exposure to high temperature may cause can to burst.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.
Supplemental information	None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
methyl acetate		79-20-9	40 - 50
1,1-difluoroethane	HFC-152a	75-37-6	30 - 40
n-heptane		142-82-5	5 - 10
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light		64742-49-0	3 - 5
acetone		67-64-1	1 - 3

Specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures	
Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.
5. Fire-fighting measures	
Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to heat or flame. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.
Fire-fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
General fire hazards	Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to heat or flame.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Keep out of low areas. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist/vapors. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This product is miscible in water. Prevent product from entering drains. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. Use caution around energized equipment. The metal container will conduct electricity if it contacts a live source. This may result in injury to the user from electrical shock and/or flash fire. Avoid breathing mist/vapors. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. For product usage instructions, see the product label.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Level 3 Aerosol.
	Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Avoid spark promoters. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) Components Type Value acetone (CAS 67-64-1) PEL 2400 mg/m3

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air	r Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)
Components	Туре

Components	Туре	Value
		1000 ppm
methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)	PEL	610 mg/m3
		200 ppm
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)	PEL	400 mg/m3
		100 ppm
n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	PEL	2000 mg/m3
		500 ppm
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Value		
Components	Туре	Value
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	500 ppm
	TWA	250 ppm
methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)	STEL	250 ppm
	TWA	200 ppm
n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	STEL	500 ppm
	TWA	400 ppm
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chen Components	nical Hazards Type	Value
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	TWA	590 mg/m3
		250 ppm
methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)	STEL	760 mg/m3
		250 ppm
	TWA	610 mg/m3
		200 ppm
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)	TWA	400 mg/m3
		100 ppm
n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3
		440 ppm
	TWA	350 mg/m3
		85 ppm
US. Workplace Environmental Exp Components	oosure Level (WEEL) Guides Type	Value
1,1-difluoroethane (CAS	TWA	2700 mg/m3
75-37-6)		1000 ppm
ogical limit values		
ACGIH Biological Exposure Indice Components Value	es Determinant	Specimen Sampling Time

Appropriate engineering controls	Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station and safety shower.
Individual protection measures,	such as personal protective equipment
Eye/face protection	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).
Skin protection	
Hand protection	Wear protective gloves such as: Laminate film. Nitrile.
Other	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.
Respiratory protection	If engineering controls are not feasible or if exposure exceeds the applicable exposure limits, use a NIOSH-approved cartridge respirator with an organic vapor cartridge. Use a self-contained breathing apparatus in confined spaces and for emergencies. Air monitoring is needed to determine actual employee exposure levels.
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
General hygiene considerations	When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

-	
Appearance	
Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Aerosol.
Color	Translucent. Opaque.
Odor	Solvent.
Odor threshold	Not available.
рН	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	-144.4 °F (-98 °C) estimated
Initial boiling point and boiling range	133 °F (56.1 °C) estimated
Flash point	3.9 °F (-15.6 °C) estimated
Evaporation rate	Fast.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or exp	osive limits
Flammability limit - lower (%)	1 % estimated
Flammability limit - upper (%)	16.9 % estimated
Vapor pressure	3262.2 hPa estimated
Vapor density	> 1 (air = 1)
Relative density	0.89 estimated
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Negligible.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	500 °F (260 °C) estimated
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Percent volatile	94.6 % estimated

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
reactions	

Conditions to avoid	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrates.
Hazardous decomposition products	Carbon oxides. Hydrocarbon fumes and smoke. Aldehydes. Formaldehyde.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of e	exposure
Inhalation	May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. May cause irritation to the respiratory system. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Ingestion	Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	May be fatal if swallowed and enters a	airways.
Components	Species	Test Results
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 15800 mg/kg
		20000 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	76 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	5800 mg/kg
methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Oral		
LD50	Rabbit	3.7 g/kg
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotre	ated light (CAS 64742-49-0)	
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	61 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	3000 mg/kg
Inhalation		
Vapor		
LC50	Rat	> 73.5 mg/l, 4 hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	25000 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.	

Chronic effects	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not classified.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.
Reproductive toxicity	This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.
Not regulated. US. National Toxicology Pro Not listed.	ogram (NTP) Report on Carcinogens
OSHA Specifically Regulate	d Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)
IARC Monographs. Overall I Not listed.	Evaluation of Carcinogenicity
Carcinogenicity	Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.
Respiratory sensitization	Not a respiratory sensitizer.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	1
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.

12. Ecological information

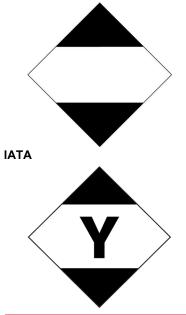
Ecotoxicity	Very toxic	to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
Components		Species	Test Results
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	4740 - 6330 mg/l, 96 hours
Acute			
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia magna	10294 - 17704 mg/l, 48 hours
methyl acetate (CAS 7	9-20-9)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales prom	nelas) 295 - 348 mg/l, 96 hours
naphtha (petroleum), h	ydrotreated light (C	CAS 64742-49-0)	
Aquatic			
Acute			
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	1 - 10 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fish	1 - 10 mg/l, 96 hours
n-heptane (CAS 142-8	2-5)		
Aquatic			
Acute			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.5 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales prom	nelas) 2.1 - 2.98 mg/l, 96 hours
Persistence and degradal	bility No data is	s available on the degradability of any ing	redients in the mixture.
Bioaccumulative potentia	•	с , , , , ,	
Partition coefficient n		log Kow)	
1,1-difluoroethane	· · · ·	0.75	
acetone		-0.24	
methyl acetate n-heptane		0.18 4.66	
Bioconcentration fact	tor (BCF)		
naphtha (petroleum), h		10 - 25000	
Mobility in soil	No data a	vailable.	

Other adverse effects The product contains volatile organic compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation potential.

13. Disposal considerations		
Hazardous waste code	D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 F	
Disposal instructions	If discarded, this product is considered a RCRA ignitable waste, D001. Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.	
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.	

14. Transport information

DO	т	
	UN number	UN1950
	UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable, Limited Quantity
	Transport hazard class(es)	
	Class	2.1
	Subsidiary risk	_
	Label(s)	2.1
	Packing group	Not applicable.
	Environmental hazards	
	Marine pollutant	Yes, but exempt from the regulations.
		Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
	Special provisions	N82
	Packaging exceptions	306
	Packaging non bulk	None
	Packaging bulk	None
IAT	Α	
	UN number	UN1950
	UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable, Limited Quantity
	Transport hazard class(es)	
	Class	2.1
	Subsidiary risk	-
	Packing group	Not applicable.
	ERG Code	10L
	Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
	Other information	
	Passenger and cargo	Allowed with restrictions.
	aircraft	
	Cargo aircraft only	Allowed with restrictions.
IME)G	
	UN number	UN1950
	UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS, Limited Quantity
	Transport hazard class(es)	
	Class	2.1
	Subsidiary risk	-
	Packing group	Not applicable.
	Environmental hazards	
	Marine pollutant	Yes, but exempt from the regulations.
	EmS	Not available.
	Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.



15. Regulatory information

io. Regulatory information		
US federal regulations	This product is a "Hazardous Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200	Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication).
TSCA Section 12(b) Ex	oport Notification (40 CFR 707,	Subpt. D)
Not regulated.		
SARA 304 Emergency	release notification	
Not regulated.		
	gulated Substances (29 CFR 19	910.1001-1052)
Not regulated. CERCLA Hazardous S	ubstance List (40 CFR 302.4)	
acetone (CAS 67-6 methyl acetate (CA		
CERCLA Hazardous S	ubstances: Reportable quanti	У
acetone (CAS 67-6	,	5000 LBS
methyl acetate (CA		100 LBS
	ing in the loss of any ingredient a 424-8802) and to your Local Em	t or above its RQ require immediate notification to the National ergency Planning Committee.
Other federal regulations		
Clean Air Act (CAA) Sectio	on 112 Hazardous Air Pollutant	s (HAPs) List
Not regulated.		
Clean Air Act (CAA) Sectio	on 112(r) Accidental Release P	revention (40 CFR 68.130)
1,1-difluoroethane (CAS	6 75-37-6)	
Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)	Contains component(s) regul	ated under the Safe Drinking Water Act.
Drug Enforcement Adı Chemical Code Numbe		ential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and
acetone (CAS 67-6	4-1)	6532
Drug Enforcement Adu	ministration (DEA). List 1 & 2 E	Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))
acetone (CAS 67-6	,	35 %WV
DEA Exempt Chemica	I Mixtures Code Number	
acetone (CAS 67-6		6532
-		afety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace
acetone (CAS 67-6	,	Low priority
methyl acetate (CA	,	Low priority
Food and Drug Administration (FDA)	Not regulated.	

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Classified hazard categories

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids) Gas under pressure Skin corrosion or irritation Serious eye damage or eye irritation Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure) Aspiration hazard Hazard not otherwise classified (HNOC)

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Yes chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

US state regulations

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

1,1-difluoroethane (CAS 75-37-6) acetone (CAS 67-64-1) methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9) naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0) n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

1,1-difluoroethane (CAS 75-37-6) acetone (CAS 67-64-1) methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9) naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0) n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

acetone (CAS 67-64-1) methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9) naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0) n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)

US. Rhode Island RTK

acetone (CAS 67-64-1) methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9) naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0) n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)

California Proposition 65



WARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

acetaldehyde (CAS 75-07-0)	Listed: April 1, 1988
benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	Listed: February 27, 1987
cumene (CAS 98-82-8)	Listed: April 6, 2010
lead (CAS 7439-92-1)	Listed: October 1, 1992
California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date	e/Developmental toxin
benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	Listed: December 26, 1997
lead (CAS 7439-92-1)	Listed: February 27, 1987
methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	Listed: March 16, 2012
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Listed: January 1, 1991
California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date	e/Female reproductive toxin
lead (CAS 7439-92-1)	Listed: February 27, 1987
California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date	e/Male reproductive toxin
benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	Listed: December 26, 1997
lead (CAS 7439-92-1)	Listed: February 27, 1987
US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. S	Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3,
subd. (a))	
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)

n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)		
Volatile organic compounds (VO	C) regulations	
EPA		
VOC content (40 CFR 51.100(s))	9.6 %	
Consumer products (40 CFR 59, Subpt. C)	Not regulated	
State		
Consumer products	Consumer products This product is regulated as a Multi-Purpose Lubricant. This product is compliant for use in all 50 states.	
VOC content (CA)	9.6 %	
VOC content (OTC)	9.6 %	
International Inventories		
Country(s) or region	Inventory name d	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes
*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)		ning country(s)

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date Prepared by Version # Further information	10-22-2019 Allison Yoon 01 CRC # 1751578
Disclaimer	The information contained in this document applies to this specific material as supplied. It may not be valid for this material if it is used in combination with any other materials. This information is accurate to the best of CRC's knowledge or obtained from sources believed by CRC to be accurate. Before using any product, read all warnings and directions on the label. For further clarification of any information contained on this (M)SDS consult your supervisor, a health & safety professional, or CRC Industries, Inc
Revision information	This document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.