

## MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date Revised: May 2004 Supersedes: March 2002

Information on this form is furnished solely for the purpose of compliance with the Occupation Safety and Health Act and shall not be used for any other purpose. CANTEX urges the customers receiving this Material Safety Data Sheet to study it carefully to become aware of the hazards, if any, of the product involved. In the interest of safety, you should notify your employees, agents and contractors of the information on this sheet.

#### SECTION I

MANUFACTURER'S NAME

INSTANT PLASTICS SYSTEMS

ADDRESS

P.O. BOX 48007, GARDENA, CA 90248

TRANSPORTATION EMERGENCIES:

CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300 OR 3 E COMPANY (800) 451-8346

MEDICAL EMERGENCIES:

3 E COMPANY (24 HOUR NO) (800) 451-8346

BUSINESS: (310) 898-330

CHEMICAL NAME and FAMILY

Solvent Cement for PVC Plastic Pipe Mixture of PVC Resin and Organic Solvents TRADE NAME:

CANTEX #99 CLEAR LOW VOC PVC SOLVENT CEMENT

FORMULA: Proprietary

#### SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

None of the	ingredients	below	are	listed	$\mathbf{as}$
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carcinogen by IARC, NTP or OSHA	CAS#	APPROX %	ACGIH-TLV	ACGIG-STEL	OSHA-PEL	OSHA-STEL	(A) AEL	(B) STEL
Polyvinyl Chloride Resin (PVC)	NON/HAZ	10 - 20	N/A		N/A			
Tetrahydrofuran (THF)**	109-99-9	25 - 35	200 PPM	250 PPM	200 PPM	250 PPM	<b>50 PPM</b>	<b>75 PPM</b>
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK)	78-93-3	5 - 23*	200 PPM	300 PPM	200 PPM	300 PPM		
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	20 - 30	25 PPM Skin	1	25 PPM Skin			

All of the constituents of CANTEX adhesive products are listed on the TSCA inventory of chemical substances maintained by the US EPA or are exempt from that listing.

- \* Title III Section 313 Supplier Notification: This product contains toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act of 1986 and of 40CFR372. This information must be included in all MSDS's that are copied and distributed for this material.
  - (A) Dupont and BASF mfg's Acceptable Exposure Limit (AEL) guidelines for 8 hour and 12 hour TWA, (B) Dupont/BASF recommended STEL for 15 minute TWA.
- \*\* Information found in a report from the National Toxicology Program (NTP) on an inhalation study in rats and mice suggest that Tetrahydrofuran (THF) can cause tumors in animals. In the study the rats and mice were exposed to THF vapor levels up to 1800 PPM for two years (their lifetime), 6 hours/day, 5 days/week. Test results showed evidence of liver tumors in female mice and kidney tumors in male rats. No evidence of tumors was seen in female rats and and male mice. There is no data linking Tetrahydrofuran exposure with cancer in humans,

## Bulk SHIPPING INFORMATION CONTAINERS LARGER THAN ONE LITER

DOT Shipping Name: Adhesive

DOT Hazard Class: 3
Identification Number: UN 1133

Packaging Group: II
Label Required: Flammable Liquid

 HEALTH:
 2
 2
 0-Minimal

 FLAMMABILITY:
 3
 3
 1-Slight

 REACTIVITY:
 0
 1
 2-Moderate

 PROTECTIVE:
 3-Serious

PROTECTIVE: 3-Serious EQUIPMENT: B - H 4-Severe

SHIPPING INFORMATION FOR CONTAINERS LESS THAN ONE GALLON

DOT Shipping Name: Consumer Commodity

DOT Hazard Class: ORM-D

# B = Eye, Hand/Skin (for normal solvent-welding activities

H = Eye, Hand/Skin, Respiratory Protection and Impermeable Apron (splash/immersion risks)

SPECIAL HAZARD DESIGNATIONS

## SECTION III - PHYSICAL DATA

APPEARANCE Clear, regular syrupy liquid	ODOR Ethereal	BOILING POINT (°F/°C) 151°F (67°C) Based on first boiling component: THF
SPECIFIC GRAVITY @ 73+/- 2°F Typical 0.950 +/- 0.040	VAPOR PRESSURE (mm.Hg.) 143 mm Hg. based on first boiling component, THF @ 68°F (20°C)	PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME (%) Approx. 80-90%
VAPOR DENSITY (Air=1) 2.49	EVAPORATION RATE (BUAC=1) >1.0	SOLUBILITY IN WATER Solvent portion completely soluble in water Resin portion separates out

VOC Statement: VOC as manufactured: 785 Grams/liter, Maximum VOC emission as applied and tested per SCAQMD Rule 1168, Text Method 316A: 510 g/l.

#### SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT	FLAMMABLE LIMITS		UEL
-4°F (-20°C) T.C.C. Based on THF	(Percent By Volume )	2.0	11.8

#### FIRE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Ansul "Purple K" potassium bicarbonate dry chemical, any appropriately sized ABC dry chemical, carbon dioxide or foam extinguisher can be used for small fires. Use of a water fog by trained personnel can extinguish small/large fires.

## SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Evacuate enclosed areas, stay upwind. Close or confined quarters require self-contained breathing apparatus, positive pressure hose masks or airline masks. Use of a water fog by trained personnel can extinguish small/large fires and avoid water flow or water streams/spray distributing burning mater or contaminated water over a large area or into sewers or storm drains. Use water spray to cool containers, to flush spills from source of ignition and to disperse vapors.

## UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Fire hazard because of low flash point and high volatility. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel to source of ignition at or near floor or lower levels and may flash back.

#### SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA PRIMARY ROUTES Skin Contact OF ENTRY Inhalation Eye Contact Ingestion EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE ACUTE: INHALATION: Severe overexposure may result in nausea, dizziness, headache. Can cause drowsiness, irritation of eyes and nasal passages SKIN CONTACT: Skin irritant. Liquid contact may remove natural skin oils resulting in skin irritation. Dermatitis may occur with prolonged contact. SKIN ABSORPTION: Prolonged or widespread exposure may result in the absorption of harmful amounts of material. EYE CONTACT: Overexposure may result in severe eye injury with corneal or conjunctival inflammation on contact with the liquid. Vapors slightly uncomfortable. INGESTION: Moderately toxic. May cause nausea, vomiting, diarrhea. May cause mental sluggishness. CHRONIC: Symptoms of respiratory tract irritation and damage to respiratory epithelium were reported in rats exposed to 5000 ppm THF of 90 days. Elevation of SGPT suggest a disturbance in liver function. The NOEL was reported to be 200 ppm. REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS TERATOGENICITY MUTAGENICITY EMBRYOTOXICITY SENSITIZATION TO PRODUCT SYNERGISTIC PRODUCTS NAP N.AP. N.AP. N.AP. MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE: Individuals with pre-existing diseases of the eyes, skin or respiratory system may have increased susceptibility to the toxicity of excessive exposures. EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES INHALATION: If overcome by vapors, remove to fresh air and if breathing stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Call physician. EYE CONTACT: Flush with plenty of water for 15 minutes and call physician. SKIN CONTACT: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin with soap and water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation develops, get medical attention. INGESTION: Give 1 or 2 glasses of water or milk. Do not induce vomiting. Call physician or poison control center immediately. **SECTION VI - REACTIVITY** STABILITY UNSTABLE CONDITIONS TO AVOID STABLE $\mathbf{X}$ Keep away from heat, sparks, open flame and other sources of ignition. INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIALS TO AVOID) Caustics, ammonia, inorganic acids, chlorinated compounds, strong oxidizers and isocyanates. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS When forced to burn, this product gives out carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, hydrogen chloride and smoke. HAZARDOUS MAY OCCUR CONDITIONS TO AVOID WILL NOT OCCUR POLYMERIZATION Keep away from heat, sparks, open flame and other sources of ignition SECTION VII - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED Eliminate all ignition sources. Avoid breathing of vapors. Keep liquid out of eyes. Flush with large amount of water. Contain liquid with sand or earth. Absorb with sand or nonflammable absorbent material and transfer into steel drums for recovery or disposal. Prevent liquid from entering drains. WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD Follow all Local, State and Federal regulations. Consult disposal expert. Can be disposed of by incineration. Excessive quantities should not be permitted to enter drains. Empty containers should be air dried before disposing. Hazardous Waste Code: 214. SECTION VIII - SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION RESPIRATORY PROTECTION (Specify type) Atmospheric levels should be maintained below established exposure limits contained in Section II. If airborne concentrations exceed those limits, use of NIOSH approved organic vapor cartridge respirator with full face-piece is recommended. The effectiveness of air purifying respirator is limited. Use it only for a short-term exposure. For emergency and other conditions where short term exposure guidelines may be exceeded, use an approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. VENTILATION: Use only with adequate ventilation. Do not use in close quarters or confined spaces. Open doors and/or windows to ensure airflow and air changes. Use local exhaust ventilation to remove airborne contaminants from employee breathing zone and to keep contaminants below levels listed in Section II. Use only explosion proof ventilation equipment. EYE PROTECTION: Splash proof chemical goggles, PROTECTIVE GLOVES: PVA coated rubber gloves for frequent dipping/immersion Use latex/nitrile surgical gloves or solvent resistant barrier creme should provide adequate protection when normal face shield, safety glasses (spectacles) with brow solvent-cement welding practibes and procedures are used for solvent welding of plastic shet/pipe joints. guards & side shields, etc. as appropriate for exposure. OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND HYGIENIC PRACTICES Impervious apron and a source of running water to flush or wash eyes and skin in case of contact. **SECTION IX - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS** PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING Store in the shade between 40°F - 110°F. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flame and other sources of ignition. Avoid prolonged breathing of vapors. Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Train employees on all special handling procedures before they work with this product. OTHER PRECAUTIONS Follow all precautionary information given on container label, product bulletins and other solvent cementing literature. All material handling equipment should be electrically grounded. The information contained herein is based on data considered accurate. However, no warranty is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of this data or the results