1503 01 00

| ======= | Section 1 | PRODUCT AND COM | PANY ID | ENTIF | ICATIO | | |
|--|--|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|--------|
| PRODUCT 1 | | | | | Hea | HMIS CODES Alth | 2* |
| 1503 | | | | | Fla Rea | ammability activity | 4 0 |
| MANUFACT THE SI KRYLOI Cleve DATE OF 31-MAI | N* Interior/Ex URER'S NAME HERWIN-WILLIAM N Products Gro land, OH 44115 PREPARATION R-07 | | - | EMER (21 INFO (80 | 6) 566- RMATIO 0) 832- | N TELEPHONI -2541 | E NO. |
| | Section 2 | COMPOSITION/INF(INGREDIENT | ORMATIO | N ON | INGRED | IENTS | |
| 14 | 74-98-6 | Propane ACGIH TLV OSHA PEL | 2500 | ppm | | | 760 mm |
| 6 | 106-97-8 | ACGIH TLV OSHA PEL | 800 800 | ppm ppm | | | 760 mm |
| 1 | | Ethylbenzene ACGIH TLV ACGIH TLV OSHA PEL OSHA PEL | 125 | ppm | | | 7.1 mm |
| 7 | 1330-20-7 | ACGIH TLV ACGIH TLV OSHA PEL OSHA PEL | 100 150 100 150 | | | | 5.9 mm |
| 1 | 71-36-3 | 1-Butanol ACGIH TLV OSHA PEL | 20 50 | ppm ppm | (Skin) (Skin) | CEILING | 5.5 mm |
| 35 | 67-64-1 | Acetone ACGIH TLV ACGIH TLV OSHA PEL | 500 750 1000 | ppm ppm ppm | STEL | | 180 mm |
| 8 | 78-93-3 | Methyl Ethyl Ket ACGIH TLV ACGIH TLV OSHA PEL OSHA PEL | tone 200 300 200 300 | mqq mqq mqq | | | 70 mm |
| 1 | 108-10-1 | Methyl Isobutyl ACGIH TLV ACGIH TLV OSHA PEL OSHA PEL | Ketone 50 75 50 75 | ppm ppm ppm | STEL | | 16 mm |

| 1503 page | | | | |
|---|-------|--|--|--|
| 7 108-65-6 1-Methoxy-2-Propanol Acetate ACGIH TLV Not Available 1. OSHA PEL Not Available | .8 mm | | | |
| 1 7727-43-7 Barium Sulfate ACGIH TLV 10 mg/m3 as Dust OSHA PEL 10 mg/m3 Total Dust OSHA PEL 5 mg/m3 Respirable Fractior | 1 | | | |
| 6 13463-67-7 Titanium Dioxide ACGIH TLV 10 mg/m3 as Dust OSHA PEL 10 mg/m3 Total Dust OSHA PEL 5 mg/m3 Respirable Fractior | 1 | | | |
| Section 3 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION | :==== | | | |
| ROUTES OF EXPOSURE INHALATION of vapor or spray mist. EYE or SKIN contact with the product, vapor or spray mist. EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE EYES: Irritation. SKIN: Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause irritation. INHALATION: Irritation of the upper respiratory system. May cause nervous system depression. Extreme overexposure may resul unconsciousness and possibly death. SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indication excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists. Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessi skin exposure. MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE None generally recognized. CANCER INFORMATION For complete discussion of toxicology data refer to Section 11. Section 4 FIRST AID MEASURES | ns of | | | |
| EYES: Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes. Get medical attention. SKIN: Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before re-use. INHALATION: If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm and quiet. INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting. | | | | |
| Get medical attention immediately. | | | | |
| Section 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES | | | | |
| FLASH POINTLELUELPropellant < 0 F | | | | |

| 1503 | page 3 |
|---|--|
| UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS Containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition p cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately appare medical attention. SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES Full protective equipment including self-contained breathin should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozz preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to pr pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when extreme heat. | ent. Obtain ng apparatus zles are revent |
| ====================================== | =========== |
| STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Remove with inert absorbent. Section 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE | |
| <pre>STORAGE CATEGORY Not Available PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Vapors will a readily and may ignite explosively. During use and until all vapors are gone: Keep area ventil smoke - Extinguish all flames, pilot lights, and heaters - Tur electric tools and appliances, and any other sources of igniti Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding proc Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate, or e temperature above 120F. Heat from sunlight, radiators, stoves and other heat sources could cause container to burst. Do not</pre> | lated - Do not on off stoves, ion. cedures. expose to s, hot water, |

and other heat sources could cause container to burst. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

1503

page 4

Section 8 -- EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Wash hands after using.

Wash hands after using. This coating may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg/m3 (total dust), 3 mg/m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg/m3 (total dust), 5 mg/m3 (respirable fraction). Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause

Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD (in US) or contact your local health authority. VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108. RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive. PROTECTIVE GLOVES

None required for normal application of aerosol products where minimal skin contact is expected. For long or repeated contact, wear chemical resistant gloves.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields. OTHER PRECAUTIONS

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

Section 9 -- PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

| PRODUCT WEIGHT SPECIFIC GRAVITY | 6.69 lb/gal 802 g/l 0.81 |
|------------------------------------|--|
| BOILING POINT | <0 - 302 F <-18 - 150 C |
| MELTING POINT | Not Available |
| VOLATILE VOLUME | 91 % |
| EVAPORATION RATE | Faster than ether |
| VAPOR DENSITY | Heavier than air |
| SOLUBILITY IN WATER | N.A. |
| PH | 7.0 |
| VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS | (VOC Theoretical - As Packaged) |
| | Less Water and Federally Exempt Solvents |

| 1503 | page 5 |
|--|---------------------|
| Section 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY | |
| STABILITY Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID None known. INCOMPATIBILITY None known. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION Will not occur | |
| Section 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION | |
| CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS Ethylbenzene is classified by IARC as possibly ca (2B) based on inadequate evidence in humans and suff | ficient evidence in |

(2B) based on inadequate evidence in humans and sufficient evidence in laboratory animals. Lifetime inhalation exposure of rats and mice to high ethylbenzene concentrations resulted in increases in certain types of cancer, including kidney tumors in rats and lung and liver tumors in mice. These effects were not observed in animals exposed to lower concentrations. There is no evidence that ethylbenzene causes cancer in humans.

Methyl Ethyl Ketone may increase the nervous system effects of other solvents.

Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section 2 may cause adverse effects to the liver, urinary, blood forming and reproductive systems.

Rats exposed to titanium dioxide dust at 250 mg./m3 developed lung cancer, however, such exposure levels are not attainable in the workplace. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents

with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

TOXICOLOGY DATA

| 1503 | | | | | | page 6 |
|--|---------------|-------------------------|-------------------|---------|------------------------------|--------|
| CAS No. | Ingredient Na | ame | | | | |
| 74-98-6 | Propane | LC50 LD50 | RAT RAT | 4HR | Not Availabl Not Availabl | |
| 106-97-8 | Butane | LC50 LD50 | RAT RAT | 4HR | Not Availabl Not Availabl | |
| 100-41-4 | Ethylbenzene | LC50 LD50 | RAT RAT | 4HR | Not Availabl 3500 mg/k | |
| 1330-20-7 | Xylene | LC50 | RAT | 4HR | 5000 ppm | - |
| 71-36-3 | 1-Butanol | LD50 LC50 | RAT RAT | 4HR | 4300 mg/k 8000 ppm | g |
| 67-64-1 | Acetone | LD50 LC50 | RAT RAT | 4HR | 790 mg/k Not Availabl | - |
| 78-93-3 | Methyl Ethyl | LD50 Ketone | RAT | | 5800 mg/k | g |
| 108-10-1 | Methyl Isobu | LC50 LD50 tvl Ket | RAT RAT one | 4HR | Not Availabl 2740 mg/k | |
| | _ | LC50 LD50 | RAT RAT | 4HR | Not Availabl 2080 mg/k | |
| 108-65-6 | 1-Methoxy-2-1 | LC50 LD50 | RAT RAT | 4HR | Not Availabl 8500 mg/k | |
| 7727-43-7 | Barium Sulfa | | RAT RAT | 4HR | Not Availabl Not Availabl | |
| 13463-67-7 | Titanium Dio: | | RAT | 4HR | Not Availabl | e |
| Section 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION | | | | | | |
| ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION No data available. | | | | | | |
| Section 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS | | | | | | |
| WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD Waste from this product may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261. Waste must be tested for ignitability to determine the applicable EPA | | | | | | |

hazardous waste numbers. Do not incinerate. Depressurize container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

| 1503 | page 7 | | | |
|--|----------------------|--|--|--|
| Section 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION | | | | |
| US Ground (DOT) May be classed as Consumer Commodity, ORM-D UN1950, AEROSOLS, 2.1, LIMITED QUANTITY, (ERG#126) | | | | |
| Canada (TDG) May be classed as Consumer Commodity, ORM-D UN1950, AEROSOLS, CLASS 2.1, LIMITED QUANTITY, (ERG#126) | | | | |
| IMO May be shipped as Limited Quantity UN1950, AEROSOLS, CLASS 2, LIMITED QUANTITY, EmS F-D, S-U | | | | |
| Section 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION | | | | |
| SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION | | | | |
| CAS No. CHEMICAL/COMPOUND % by | y WT % Element | | | |
| 1330-20-7 Xylene 7 71-36-3 1-Butanol 1 | 1 7 1 1 | | | |
| CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. TSCA CERTIFICATION All chemicals in this product are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory. | | | | |
| section 16 OTHER INFORMATION | ================= | | | |
| | | | | |

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Canadian Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

The above information pertains to this product as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to this product may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.