MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

1902 01 00

		PRODUCT AND COME					
PRODUCT 1				HMIS	CODES		
1902				Health 2* Flammability 4 Reactivity 0			
RODUCT 1	JAME			Redectvi	Cy		
ANUFACTU THE SI KRYLON	N* Interior/Ex JRER'S NAME HERWIN-WILLIAM N Products Gro Land, OH 44115	up	y Blue	EMERGENCY TELEPH (216) 566-2917	ONE NO.		
DATE OF PREPARATION 19-AUG-03				INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO. (800) 832-2541			
& by WT	Section 2 CAS No.	COMPOSITION/INFO	RMATIO		APOR PRESSURI		
14		Propane					
		ACGIH TLV			760 mr		
c c	106 07 0	OSHA PEL	1000	ppm			
6	106-97-8		800	nnm	760 m		
		OSHA PEL		ppm	760 1111		
2	100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	000	ppiii			
۷	100 11 1	ACGIH TLV	100	ppm	7.1 m		
		ACGIH TLV		ppm STEL			
		OSHA PEL		ppm			
		OSHA PEL	125	ppm STEL			
9	1330-20-7						
		ACGIH TLV	100	ppm	5.9 mr		
		ACGIH TLV	150	ppm STEL			
		OSHA PEL	100	ppm			
1	71 26 2	OSHA PEL	150	ppm STEL			
Τ	/1-30-3	1-Butanol	20	ppm (skin)	5.5 m		
		OSHA PEL		ppm (skin) CEILI			
37	67-64-1	Acetone	00	ppm (bxin, obidi	110		
_		ACGIH TLV	500	ppm	180 m		
			750	ppm STEL			
		OSHA PEL	1000	ppm			
7	78-93-3	Methyl Ethyl Ket	one				
		ACGIH TLV	200	ppm	70 m		
		ACGIH TLV	300	ppm STEL			
		OSHA PEL	200	ppm			
0	100 10 1	OSHA PEL	300	ppm STEL			
2	108-10-1	Methyl Isobutyl ACGIH TLV	Ketone 50		16 m		
		MOGIU ITA	50	ppm	T Ø 101		
			75				
		ACGIH TLV OSHA PEL	75 50	ppm STEL ppm			

______ 108-65-6 1-Methoxy-2-Propanol Acetate ACGIH TLV Not Available 1.8 mm OSHA PEL Not Available 2 7727-43-7 Barium Sulfate ACGIH TLV 10 mg/m3 as Dust
OSHA PEL 10 mg/m3 Total Dust
OSHA PEL 5 mg/m3 Respirable 5 mg/m3 Respirable Fraction 13463-67-7 Titanium Dioxide ACGIH TLV 10 mg/m3 as Dust
OSHA PEL 10 mg/m3 Total Dust
OSHA PEL 5 mg/m3 Respirable Fraction _____ Section 3 -- HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION ______ ROUTES OF EXPOSURE INHALATION of vapor or spray mist. EYE or SKIN contact with the product, vapor or spray mist. EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE EYES: Irritation. SKIN: Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause irritation. INHALATION: Irritation of the upper respiratory system. May cause nervous system depression. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death. SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists. Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure. MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE None generally recognized. CANCER INFORMATION For complete discussion of toxicology data refer to Section 11. ______ Section 4 -- FIRST AID MEASURES EYES: Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes.

Get medical attention.

SKIN: Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water.

Remove contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.

INHALATION: If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing.

Keep warm and quiet.

INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting.

Get medical attention immediately.

Section 5 -- FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT LEL UEL Propellant < 0 F 1.0 13.1

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat.

Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions.

During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used.

Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

Section 6 -- ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area.

Remove with inert absorbent.

Section 7 -- HANDLING AND STORAGE

STORAGE CATEGORY

Not Available

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Vapors will accumulate readily and may ignite explosively.

During use and until all vapors are gone: Keep area ventilated - Do not smoke - Extinguish all flames, pilot lights, and heaters - Turn off stoves, electric tools and appliances, and any other sources of ignition.

Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures.

Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate, or expose to temperature above 120F. Heat from sunlight, radiators, stoves, hot water, and other heat sources could cause container to burst. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

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Section 8 -- EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Wash hands after using.

This coating may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg/m3 (total dust), 3 mg/m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg/m3 (total dust), 5 mg/m3 (respirable fraction).

Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD (in US) or contact your local health authority. VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108. RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES

None required for normal application of aerosol products where minimal skin contact is expected. For long or repeated contact, wear chemical resistant gloves.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields. OTHER PRECAUTIONS

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

Section 9 -- PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PRODUCT WEIGHT 6.60 lb/gal 790 g/l 0.79

SPECIFIC GRAVITY

<0 - 302 F <-18 - 150 C BOILING POINT

MELTING POINT Not Available

VOLATILE VOLUME 91 %

Faster than ether EVAPORATION RATE VAPOR DENSITY Heavier than air SOLUBILITY IN WATER N.A.

VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical)

Volatile Weight 47.55 % Less Water and Federally Exempt Solvents

Section 10 -- STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY -- Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID

None known.

INCOMPATIBILITY

None known.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION

Will not occur

Section 11 -- TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS

Ethylbenzene is classified by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans (2B) based on inadequate evidence in humans and sufficient evidence in laboratory animals. Lifetime inhalation exposure of rats and mice to high ethylbenzene concentrations resulted in increases in certain types of cancer, including kidney tumors in rats and lung and liver tumors in mice. These effects were not observed in animals exposed to lower concentrations. There is no evidence that ethylbenzene causes cancer in humans.

Methyl Ethyl Ketone may increase the nervous system effects of other solvents.

Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section 2 may cause adverse effects to the liver, urinary, blood forming and reproductive systems.

Rats exposed to titanium dioxide dust at 250 mg./m3 developed lung cancer, however, such exposure levels are not attainable in the workplace.

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

TOXICOLOGY DATA

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CAS No.	Ingredient Nam	ne 			
74-98-6	Propane				
	I	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available
	I	LD50	RAT		Not Available
106-97-8	Butane				
		LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available
		LD5 0	RAT		Not Available
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene			4	
		LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available
1220 00 7		LD50	RAT		3500 mg/kg
1330-20-7	Xylene T	LC50	RAT	4HR	5000 ppm
		LD50	RAT	41117	5000 ppm 4300 mg/kg
71-36-3	1-Butanol	1000	1411		1000 mg/ ng
		LC50	RAT	4HR	8000 ppm
	I	LD50	RAT		790 mg/kg
67-64-1	Acetone				
	I	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available
	I	LD50	RAT		5800 mg/kg
78-93-3	Methyl Ethyl k				
		LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available
400 40 4		LD50	RAT		2740 mg/kg
108-10-1	Methyl Isobuty			ATTE	
		LC50 LD50	RAT RAT	4HR	Not Available
108-65-6	1-Methoxy-2-Pr				2080 mg/kg
100-00-0	-	.opano. 1C50	RAT	4HR	Not Available
		LD50	RAT	41117	8500 mg/kg
7727-43-7	Barium Sulfate		1411		mg, ng
			RAT	4HR	Not Available
		LD50	RAT		Not Available
13463-67-7	Titanium Dioxi	lde			
	I	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available
	I	LD50	RAT		Not Available
	.==========				

Section 12 -- ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No data available.

Section 13 -- DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from this product may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261.

Waste must be tested for ignitability to determine the applicable $\ensuremath{\mathtt{EPA}}$ hazardous waste numbers.

Do not incinerate. Depressurize container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

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Section 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION	========	=======
No data available.		
Section 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION		
SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION		
CAS No. CHEMICAL/COMPOUND	% by WT	% Element
100-41-4 Ethylbenzene 1330-20-7 Xylene	2	
71-36-3 1-Butanol 78-93-3 Methyl Ethyl Ketone 108-10-1 Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	1 7 2	
TOO-TO-T MECHYL TRODUCYL RECOME	∠	

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. TSCA CERTIFICATION

All chemicals in this product are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

Section 16 -- OTHER INFORMATION

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

The above information pertains to this product as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to this product may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are

outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.