

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

L61XXA4360/LAV-16
01 00MANUFACTURER'S NAME
THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY
101 Prospect Avenue N.W.
Cleveland, OH 44115EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO.
(216) 566-2917DATE OF PREPARATION
13-OCT-98INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO.
(216) 566-2902-----
Section I -- PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NUMBER

L61XXA4360/LAV-16

HMIS CODES

Health 2+
Flammability 4
Reactivity 0

PRODUCT NAME

LACQUER FOR AEROSOL FILL /WIREMOLD/STORE#4303, GREY

PRODUCT CLASS

Aerosol Coating

Section II -- HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENT CAS No.	% by WT	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	UNITS	V.P.
Propane 74-98-6	16		1000	PPM	760.00
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent. 64742-89-8	3	100	100	PPM	53.00
V. M. & P. Naphtha. 64742-89-8	3	300	300	PPM	12.00
Toluene. 108-88-3	2 STEL	50	100 400	PPM (skin) PPM	22.00
2-Propanol 67-63-0	2 STEL	400 500	400 500	PPM PPM	33.00
2-Methyl-1-propanol 78-83-1	1	50	50	PPM	8.70
Acetone. 67-64-1	50 STEL	500 750	1000	PPM PPM	180.00
Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate. 763-69-9	4	Not Established			1.11
Isobutyl Acetate. 110-19-0	4	150	150	PPM	12.50
Titanium Dioxide. 13463-67-7	3	10	10(5)	MG/M3 as Dust ***	
Lead Chromate, 1344-37-2	0.1	0.05	0.05	MG/M3	0.00
Lead (as Pb)	0.09	0.15	0.05	MG/M3	
Chromium VI (as Cr)	0.02	0.05		MG/M3	

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Section III -- PHYSICAL DATA

PRODUCT WEIGHT -- 6.43 lb./gal. EVAPORATION RATE -- Faster than Ether
SPECIFIC GRAVITY -- 0.77 VAPOR DENSITY -- Heavier than Air
BOILING POINT -- <0 -342 F MELTING POINT -- N.A.
VOLATILE VOLUME -- 95 % SOLUBILITY IN WATER -- N.A.
VOLATILE WEIGHT -- 39.65 % (less Federally Exempt Solvents)
HMIS -- 2 * 4 0

Section IV -- FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT LEL UEL
Propellant < 0 F 0.9 12.6

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks, and open flame. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

Section V -- HEALTH HAZARD DATA

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

Exposure may be by INHALATION and/or SKIN or EYE contact, depending on conditions of use. To minimize exposure, follow recommendations for proper use, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

ACUTE Health Hazards

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Irritation of eyes, skin and respiratory system. May cause nervous system depression. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death.

Acute occupational exposure to Lead is uncommon, but results in effects and symptoms similar to chronic overexposure described below.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists.

Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

None generally recognized.

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EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES

- If INHALED: If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm and quiet.
- If on SKIN: Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.
- If in EYES: Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes. Get medical attention.
- If SWALLOWED: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Give conscious patient several glasses of water. Seek medical attention.

CHRONIC Health Hazards

Chronic overexposure to Lead may result in damage to the blood-forming, nervous, urinary, and reproductive systems (including embryotoxic effects). Symptoms include abdominal discomfort or pain, constipation, loss of appetite, metallic taste, nausea, insomnia, nervous irritability, weakness, muscle and joint pains, headache and dizziness.

Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section II may cause adverse effects to the liver, urinary, cardiovascular and reproductive systems.

Rats exposed to titanium dioxide dust at 250 mg./m3 developed lung cancer, however, such exposure levels are not attainable in the workplace.

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Section VI -- REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY -- Stable

CONDITIONS TO AVOID

None known.

INCOMPATIBILITY

None known.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide, Oxides of Metals in Section II

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION

Will not occur

Section VII -- SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate and remove with inert absorbent.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from this product may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261.

Waste must be tested for ignitability and extractability to determine the applicable EPA hazardous waste numbers.

Do not incinerate. Depressurize container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

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Section VIII -- PROTECTION INFORMATION

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Before initial use, consult OSHA's Standard for Occupational Exposure to Lead (29 CFR 1910.1025).

Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wash hands after using.

This coating may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section II) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section II, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg./m³ (total dust), 3 mg./m³ (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg./m³ (total dust), 5 mg./m³ (respirable fraction).

VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section II is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section II.

When sanding, wirebrushing, abrading, burning or welding the dried film, wear a particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against non-volatile materials in Section II.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES

None required for normal application of aerosol products where minimal skin contact is expected. For long or repeated contact, wear chemical resistant gloves.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.

Section IX -- PRECAUTIONS

DOT STORAGE CATEGORY

1A

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING

Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Vapors will accumulate readily and may ignite explosively.

During use and until all vapors are gone: Keep area ventilated - Do not smoke - Extinguish all flames, pilot lights, and heaters - Turn off stoves, electric tools and appliances, and any other sources of ignition.

Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures.

Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate, or expose to temperature above 120°F. Heat from sunlight, radiators, stoves, hot water, and other heat sources could cause container to burst. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

Section X -- OTHER REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION

CAS No.	CHEMICAL/COMPOUND	% by WT	% Element
108-88-3	Toluene.	2	
	Chromium Compound.	0.1	0.0
	Lead Compound.	0.1	0.1

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