

10

Material Safety Data Sheet For Compliance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 and ANSI Z400.1-1998

Product Name	Edetate Calcium Disodium USP (Hydrate)		Item Code	30-2059
Commercial Name	Versene CA Chelating Agent		CAS#	23411-34-9
Synonym(s)	Calcium Disodium Edetate; Calcium Disodium Edetate, dihydate; Calcium Disodium Ethylenediaminetetraacetate, dihydrate; Calcium Disodium (Ethylenenitrilo)tetraacetate; Calcium Disodium (Ethylenenitrilo)tetraacetate, dihydrate; Ethylenediaminetetraaacetic Acid, Calcium Disodium Salt;		RTECS	EV8040000
				nergency contact: C (24hr) 1-800-424-9300
Supplier	PCCA 9901 South Wilcrest Houston, TX 77099	Phone 1-800-331-2498 Fax 1-800-874-5760		

Section II. Composition and Information on Ingredients						
Name	CAS#	% by Weight	TLV/PEL	LC50/LD50		
EDTA, calcium disodium salt	23411-34-9	100	Not available.	Not applicable.		

Potential Acute Health Effects	h Hazardous in case of ingestion. Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of eye contact (irritant), of inhalation.	
Potential Chronic Health Effects	CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Not available. Repeated or prolonged exposure is not known to aggravate medical condition.	
Section IV. First Aid Me	easures	
Eye Contact	Check for and remove any contact lenses. Do not use an eye ointment. Seek medical attention.	
Skin Contact	Wash with soap and water. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. Get medical attention if irritation develops. Cold water may be used.	
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.	
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention if symptoms appear.	
Other		
Section V. Fire and Expl	losion Data	
Flash Points	Not available.	
Flammable Limits	May be combustible at high temperature.	
Products of Combustion	These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO2). Some metallic oxides.	
Fire Hazards	Slightly flammable to flammable in presence of heat. Non-flammable in presence of shocks. As with most organic solids, fire is possible at elevated temperatures	
Explosion Hazards	Slightly explosive in presence of open flames and sparks. Non-explosive in presence of shocks. Fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presences of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.	
Fire Fighting Media and Instructions	SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemical powder. LARGE FIRE: Use water spray, fog or foam. Do not use water jet.	



Material Safety Data Sheet For Compliance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 and ANSI Z400.1-1998

Extinguishing Media to Avoid

Other

Other		
Section VI. Accidental F	Release Measures	
Spill Cleanup Instructions	Small Spill: Use appropriate tools to put the spilled solid in a convenient waste disposal container. Finish cleaning by spreading water on the contaminated surface and dispose of according to local and regional authority requirements. Large Spill: Use a shovel to put the material into a convenient waste disposal container. Finish cleaning by spreading water on the contaminated surface and allow to evacuate through the sanitary system.	
Section VII. Handling a	nd Storage	
Handling and Storage Info.	Precautions: Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Do not ingest. Do not breathe dust. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Keep away from incompatibles such as oxidizing agents. Storage: Keep container tightly closed. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area.	
Section VIII. Exposure	Controls/Personal Protection	
Personal Protection	Safety glasses. Lab coat. Dust respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Gloves. In case of Large Spill: Splash goggles. Full suit. Dust respirator. Boots. Gloves. A self contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.	
Other Protective Measures and Equipment	Engineering Controls: Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to keep airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If user operations generate dust, fume or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit.	
Exposure Limits	Not available.	
Section IX. Physical and	l Chemical Properties	
Appearance	Solid. (Powdered solid.) Color: White Taste: Saline. (Slight.)	
Odor	Odorless.	
Molecular Weight	410.3 g/mole	
Boiling Point	Not available. Not available.	
Melting Point Specific Gravity		
Vapor Pressure	Not available.	
Vapor Density	Not applicable. Not available.	
Viscosity Solubility	Soluble in cold water.	
Other		
Section X. Stability and	Reactivity Data	
Stability	The product is stable.	
Conditions to Avoid	Excess heat, dust generation, incompatible materials	
Materials to Avoid	Reactive with oxidizing agents.	
Other	Non-corrosive in presence of glass.	
Section XI. Toxicologica	al Information	
Routes of Entry	Inhalation. Ingestion.	



Toxicity Data

Material Safety Data Sheet

For Compliance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 and ANSI Z400.1-1998

Acute oral toxicity (LD50): >2000 mg/kg [Rat]. Hazardous in case of ingestion. Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of inhalation. Acute Potential Health Effects: Skin: May cause irritation although it is considered essentially non-irritating. Eyes: May cause slight transient eye irritation. Corneal injury is unlikely. Inhalation: May cause respiratory tract irritation. Ingestion: Single dose oral toxicity is considered to be low. Small amounts swallowed incidental to normal handling are not likely to cause injury. Swallowing large amounts may cause injury. May cause gastrointestinal tract irritation with nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, excessive thirst, headache, malaise, fatigue, fever, chills, anorexia. It may affect the kidneys (nephrosis, glycosuria), liver, bone marrow/blood (transient bone marrow depression, anemia, prolonged thrombin time), cardiovascular system (hypotension).

Section XII. Ecologica	l Information
Information	Possibly hazardous short term degradation products are not likely. However, long term degradation products may arise.
Section XIII. Disposal	Considerations
Waste Disposal	Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations.
Section XIV. Transpor	rt Information
DOT Classification	Not a DOT controlled material (United States).
Section XV. Other Reg	gulatory Information
Regulations	Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) Title III requires emergency planning based on Threshold Planning Quantities (TPQs) and release reporting based on Reportable Quantities (RQs) in 40 CFR 355 (used for SARA 302, 304, 311 and 312). Components present in this product at a level which could require reporting under the statute are: NONE Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) Title III requires submission of annual report release of toxic chemicals that appear in 40 CFR 372 (used for SARA 313). This information must be included in all MSDSs that are copied and distributed for this material. Components present in this product at a level which could require reporting under the statute are: NONE;Pensylvania Right-To-Know, Hazardous substance List, Hazardous Substances and Special hazardous Substances on the list must be identified when present in products. Components present in this product at a level which could require reporting under the statute are: Calcium Massachusetts Right-To-Know, Substance List (MSL) Hazardous Substances and Extraordinarily Hazardous Substances on the MSL must be identified when present in products. Components present in this product at a level which could require reporting under the statute are: Calcium Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) requires notification of the National Response Center of release of quantities of Hazardous Substances equal or greater than the reportable quantities (RQs) in 40 CFR 302.4. Components present in this product at a level which could require reporting under the statute are: NONE
	Not controlled under WHMIS (Canada).

Other